## THE CAYMAN ISLANDS' CONSUMER PRICE INDEX REPORT: SEPTEMBER 2016

(Date of Release: November 9, 2016)

## CPI Increases by 0.5\% in the Third Quarter of 2016

The overall Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the third quarter of 2016 was 102.7 , up by 0.5 percent when compared to the third quarter of 2015. A comparison with the previous quarter ending June 2016 indicates an increase of 2.3 percent.

Figure 1: Inflation Rates (September 2012 - September 2016)
(\% Change in CPI of Current Quarter over Same Quarter a Year Ago)


## Annual changes: September 2016 over September 2015

The overall 0.5 percent increase in September 2016 in comparison to September 2015 is mainly due to increased prices for items in the following divisions:

- Restaurants and hotels: the division's index rose significantly 6.6 percent mainly due to the sharp increases of 8.7 percent in the accommodation services price index and 6.3 percent in catering services.
- Recreation and culture: this division's price index rose by 2.6 percent, coming mainly from other recreational items and equipment, gardens and pets which went up by 5.6 percent; recreational and cultural services by 4.3 percent; and other major durables for recreation and culture by 1.5 percent. In contrast, the average prices of audio-visual, photographic and information processing equipment down by 7.3 percent, and of newspapers and stationery by 4.1 percent.
- Education: there was a 1.2 percent rise in the price level due to increases in the average school fees for pre-primary and primary education by 2.0 percent, and for secondary education by 0.5 percent. Tertiary education recorded no movement in its index for the period under review.
- Housing and utilities: the price index increased by 0.5 percent. Increased prices for actual rentals and for imputed rentals owner-occupied housing with inflation rates of 6.5 and 3.5 percent respectively were the main contributors. However, prices for electricity, gas and other fuels recorded the largest decline of 18.4 percent. Water supply and miscellaneous services moved downward by 13.2 percent.
- Alcohol and tobacco: the index for this division moved upward by 0.5 percent as a result of a 0.5 percent rise in both alcohol and tobacco prices.
- Communication: there was a 0.5 percent rise in the price index as all sub-groups except telephone and telefax equipment registered increases in the indices. Postal services increased by 5.3 and telephone and telefax services also moved up by 0.5 percent reflecting the impact of an increase in private delivery rates and Internet charges, respectively.

Meanwhile, the following divisions recorded declines in September 2016 compared to September 2015:

- Transport: the division's index fell by 0.8 percent as a result of the 6.7 percent decrease in the price index for operations of personal transport equipment. Transport services rose by 9.3 percent, and the purchase of vehicles recorded no price movement.
- Health: there was a 0.6 percent decline in this division's price index largely traced to reduced prices for medical products, appliances, and equipment by 3.7 percent. The price index for both outpatient services and hospital services recorded increases of 0.3 and 0.4 percent, respectively.
- Household equipment: the index moved downward by 0.5 percent as all the components of this division recorded reduced prices except glassware, tableware and household utensils. The index for household textiles recorded the largest fall of 14.8 percent; followed by tools and equipment for house and garden that went down by 3.4 percent.
- Clothing and footwear: the division's index dropped by 0.2 percent as the price index for clothing fell by 0.5 percent. However, there was a 1.5 percent rise in the price index for footwear.
- Miscellaneous goods and services: this index fell by 0.2 percent as the average cost of insurance decreased by 3.1 percent. There were increases in the price index for the other groups that make up this division. Personal effects not elsewhere classified including items of jewellery moved up by 10.8 percent; financial services went up by 8.7 percent; other services not elsewhere classified up by 4.7 percent; social protection up by 2.7 percent; and personal care by 1.3 percent.


## Quarterly changes: September 2016 compared to September 2016

The following divisions were the main contributors to the 2.3-percent price increase in the third quarter CPI over the second quarter of 2016:

- Restaurants and hotels: this price index rose by 7.8 percent above the June 2016 price level. The main contributor to the increase was the 24.9 percent upward movement in the index for accommodation services and the 6.0 percent rise in the index for catering services.
- Housing and utilities: this index which accounts for almost $2 / 5$ of the entire CPI basket weight, increased by 5.1 percent. Actual rentals and imputed rentals for housing each recorded upward movements of 8.2 percent and 5.1 percent, respectively. Electricity, gas and other fuels rose by 4.0 percent; and maintenance and repair of dwelling by 3.4 percent. However, water supply and miscellaneous services fell by 1.8 percent.
- Transport: the index for this division rose by 1.7 percent as a result of the 1.9 percent increase in the price index for operations of personal transport equipment. Average prices for transport services picked by 1.6 percent. The average purchase price of vehicles recorded a slight downward movement of 0.1 percent.
- Food and non-alcoholic beverages: the index had an increase of $\mathbf{1 . 3}$ percent for the quarter. The main contributors were mineral water, soft drinks, fruit and vegetable juices up by 5.6 percent; coffee, tea, and cocoa by 5.0 percent; fruits 2.8 ; sugars, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery 0.8 percent; and meat and meat products 0.6 percent. There were reduced prices for vegetables leading to an inflation rate of -1.4 percent; bread and cereals, -0.8 percent; fish and seafood, -0.4 percent; milk, cheese, and eggs, -0.3 percent and oils and fats, -0.2 percent.
- Education: there was a $\mathbf{1 . 2}$ percent rise in the price level due to increases in the average cost of school fees for pre-primary and primary education as the index went up by 2.0
percent and secondary education moved up by 0.5 percent. Tertiary education recorded no movement in its index for the period under review.
- Clothing and footwear: the division's quarterly index went up by 0.7 percent as clothing rose by 0.8 percent and footwear moved upward by 0.1 percent.
- Communication: there was a 0.5 percent rise in this division's price index as all subgroups except telephone and telefax equipment registered increases in the indices. Postal services and telephone and telefax services rose by 5.1 and 0.5 percent, respectively.
- Recreation and culture: this division experienced a price increase of 0.5 percent which is traced primarily to newspapers, books, and stationery up by 5.1 percent and recreational and cultural services up by 0.1 percent. However, there was a 1.0 percent decline in the index for audio-visual, photographic, and information processing equipment and a 0.1 percent decline for other recreational items and equipment, gardens and pets.
- Alcohol and tobacco: the index for this division rose by 0.3 percent as a result of a 0.4 percent increase in alcohol prices. However, the price for tobacco products remained unchanged.
- Miscellaneous goods and services: this division which has the second largest weight in the entire CPI basket, had a price increase by 0.2 percent. Financial services not elsewhere classified rose by 8.7 percent; social protection by 2.7 percent; and personal care items by 0.3 percent. A downward price movement was recorded for insurance by a slight 0.1 percent. Personal effects not elsewhere classified and other services not elsewhere classified both recorded no change.

The following divisions recorded downward movements in their indices when compared to the quarter ending June 2016:

- Health: this division's index fell by 0.7 percent and is traced mainly to reduced prices for medical products, appliances, and equipment that recorded a 3.3 percent decline. The price index for both outpatient services and hospital services registered no movement.
- Household equipment: the index moved downwards by 0.5 percent as all the components of this division had reduced prices except glassware, tableware and household utensils as that index went up by 1.6 percent. The index for tools and equipment for house and garden recorded the largest decline of 3.4 percent.

Table 1: Quarterly Consumer Price Index and Inflation Rates

$$
\text { JUNE } 2008=100
$$

| Year | Quarter Ending | INDEX | Percentage change in CPI: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 3 months ago | 1 year ago |
| 2009 | March | 98.8 | -0.8 | -0.4 |
|  | June | 98.8 | 0.1 | -1.2 |
|  | September | 98.7 | -0.2 | -3.1 |
|  | December | 98.2 | -0.5 | -1.3 |
| 2010 | March | 99.1 | 0.9 | 0.4 |
|  | June | 99.5 | 0.4 | 0.7 |
|  | September | 98.4 | -1.1 | -0.3 |
|  | December | 98.5 | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| 2011 | March | 99.2 | 0.7 | 0.03 |
|  | June | 100.5 | 1.4 | 1.0 |
|  | September | 100.8 | 0.3 | 2.4 |
|  | December | 100.4 | -0.4 | 1.9 |
| 2012 | March | 100.9 | 0.6 | 1.8 |
|  | June | 101.4 | 0.5 | 0.9 |
|  | September | 100.8 | -0.6 | 0.02 |
|  | December | 102.5 | 1.6 | 2.1 |
| 2013 | March | 102.3 | -0.1 | 1.4 |
|  | June | 104.2 | 1.8 | 2.7 |
|  | September | 103.7 | -0.5 | 2.8 |
|  | December | 104.2 | 0.5 | 1.7 |
| 2014 | March | 104.7 | 0.5 | 2.3 |
|  | June | 104.9 | 0.2 | 0.7 |
|  | September | 105.2 | 0.2 | 1.5 |
|  | December | 104.8 | -0.3 | 0.6 |
| 2015 | March | 104.3 | -0.5 | -0.4 |
|  | June | 101.2 | -3.0 | -3.6 |
|  | September | 102.1 | 1.0 | -2.9 |
|  | December | 102.2 | 0.1 | -2.5 |
| 2016 | March | 101.4 | -0.8 | -2.8 |
|  | June | 100.3 | -1.0 | -0.8 |
|  | September | 102.7 | 2.3 | 0.5 |

Table 2
CAYMAN ISLANDS CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
ANNUAL AVERAGES 1995 TO 2015
(June 2008 = 100)

| YEAR | INDEX | Percentage change <br> from a year ago |
| :---: | ---: | :---: |
| 1995 | 66.7 |  |
| 1996 | 68.4 | 2.5 |
| 1997 | 70.3 | 2.7 |
| 1998 | 72.4 | 3.0 |
| 1999 | 77.3 | 6.9 |
| 2000 | 79.4 | 2.7 |
| 2001 | 80.3 | 1.1 |
| 2002 | 82.3 | 2.5 |
| 2003 | 82.8 | 0.5 |
| 2004 | 86.5 | 4.5 |
| 2005 | 92.8 | 7.3 |
| 2006 | 93.5 | 0.8 |
| 2007 | 96.2 | 2.9 |
| 2008 | 100.1 | 4.1 |
| 2009 | 98.6 | -1.5 |
| 2010 | 98.9 | 0.3 |
| 2011 | 100.2 | 1.3 |
| 2012 | 101.4 | 1.2 |
| 2013 | 103.6 | 2.2 |
| 2014 | 104.9 | 1.3 |
| 2015 | 102.4 | -2.3 |

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX REPORT SEPTEMBER 2016

TABLE 3: CONSUMER PRICE INDICES AND INFLATION BY DIVISIONS AND GROUPS - THIRD QUARTER 2016

|  | Major Group | Weight | Index |  |  | Percetage Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Sept-16 | June-16 | Sept-15 | 3 months Ago | $1 \text { year }$ ago |
|  | All Divisions - All items | 1,000.0 | 102.7 | 100.3 | 102.1 | 2.3 | 0.5 |
| 01 | Food \& Non Alcoholic Beverage | 79.6 | 126.8 | 125.2 | 126.3 | 1.3 | 0.3 |
|  | Bread \& cereals | 9.9 | 125.3 | 126.3 | 123.8 | -0.8 | 1.2 |
|  | Meat \& meat products | 10.4 | 136.3 | 135.6 | 138.2 | 0.6 | -1.4 |
|  | Fish \& seafood | 4.2 | 134.3 | 134.9 | 127.2 | -0.4 | 5.6 |
|  | Milk, cheese \& egg | 8.3 | 115.7 | 116.1 | 123.8 | -0.3 | -6.6 |
|  | Oils \& fats | 2.0 | 109.3 | 109.5 | 109.3 | -0.2 | 0.0 |
|  | Fruits | 6.7 | 136.8 | 133.1 | 135.1 | 2.8 | 1.2 |
|  | Vegetables | 8.6 | 132.7 | 134.6 | 139.9 | -1.4 | -5.2 |
|  | Sugars, jam, honey, chocolate \& confectionery | 5.5 | 127.7 | 126.7 | 127.2 | 0.8 | 0.4 |
|  | Food products n.e.c. | 5.6 | 122.0 | 121.4 | 121.0 | 0.5 | 0.8 |
|  | Coffee, tea \& cocoa | 1.6 | 124.4 | 118.5 | 119.5 | 5.0 | 4.1 |
|  | Mineral water, soft drinks, fruit \& vegetable juices | 16.9 | 121.9 | 115.4 | 115.2 | 5.6 | 5.8 |
| 02 | Alcohol and Tobacco | 6.5 | 133.3 | 132.8 | 132.6 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
|  | Alcohol | 5.6 | 115.7 | 115.2 | 115.1 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
|  | Tobacco | 0.9 | 247.2 | 247.2 | 246.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 |
| 03 | Clothing and Footwear | 34.3 | 116.4 | 115.6 | 116.6 | 0.7 | -0.2 |
|  | Clothing | 29.5 | 114.5 | 113.6 | 115.1 | 0.8 | -0.5 |
|  | Footwear | 4.8 | 128.3 | 128.2 | 126.4 | 0.1 | 1.5 |
| 04 | Housing and Utilities | 394.4 | 82.1 | 78.2 | 81.7 | 5.1 | 0.5 |
|  | Actual rentals for housing | 78.7 | 80.7 | 74.6 | 75.8 | 8.2 | 6.5 |
|  | Imputed rentals for owner-occupied housing | 223.4 | 76.4 | 72.7 | 73.8 | 5.1 | 3.5 |
|  | Maintenance and repair of dwelling | 28.5 | 132.4 | 128.0 | 122.8 | 3.4 | 7.8 |
|  | Water supply and miscellaneous services | 16.4 | 90.2 | 91.8 | 103.9 | -1.8 | -13.2 |
|  | Electricity, gas and other fuels | 47.3 | 78.3 | 75.3 | 96.0 | 4.0 | -18.4 |
| 05 | Household Equipment | 56.4 | 117.7 | 118.3 | 118.3 | -0.5 | -0.5 |
|  | Furniture and furnishings | 5.7 | 108.5 | 108.7 | 108.8 | -0.2 | -0.3 |
|  | Household textiles | 1.1 | 113.2 | 115.6 | 132.9 | -2.1 | -14.8 |
|  | Household appliances | 2.8 | 101.4 | 101.4 | 103.6 | 0.0 | -2.2 |
|  | Glassware, tableware and household utensils | 2.8 | 129.9 | 127.8 | 124.2 | 1.6 | 4.6 |
|  | Tools and equipment for house and garden | 1.5 | 92.3 | 95.6 | 95.5 | -3.4 | -3.4 |
|  | Goods and services for routine household maintenance | 42.4 | 120.3 | 121.0 | 120.6 | -0.6 | -0.2 |
| 06 | Health | 24.2 | 101.5 | 102.3 | 102.1 | -0.7 | -0.6 |
|  | Medical products, appliances and equipment | 5.0 | 106.4 | 110.0 | 110.5 | -3.3 | -3.7 |
|  | Outpatient services | 17.9 | 99.1 | 99.1 | 98.8 | 0.0 | 0.3 |
|  | Hospital services | 1.4 | 115.0 | 115.0 | 114.6 | 0.0 | 0.4 |
| 07 | Transport | 96.1 | 111.2 | 109.4 | 112.1 | 1.7 | -0.8 |
|  | Purchase of vehicles | 6.1 | 118.5 | 118.7 | 118.5 | -0.1 | 0.0 |
|  | Operations of personal transport equipment | 57.4 | 103.5 | 101.5 | 111.0 | 1.9 | -6.7 |
|  | Transport services | 32.6 | 123.3 | 121.4 | 112.9 | 1.6 | 9.3 |
| 08 | Communication | 69.7 | 110.2 | 109.7 | 109.7 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
|  | Postal services | 0.5 | 101.6 | 96.8 | 96.6 | 5.1 | 5.3 |
|  | Telephone \& telefax equipment | 0.3 | 107.6 | 107.6 | 107.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
|  | Telephone \& telefax services | 68.9 | 110.3 | 109.8 | 109.8 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 09 | Recreation and Culture | 40.5 | 102.7 | 102.2 | 100.1 | 0.5 | 2.6 |
|  | Audio-visual, photographic and information processing equipment | 4.2 | 66.0 | 66.6 | 71.2 | -1.0 | -7.3 |
|  | Other major durables for recreation and culture | 3.4 | 93.0 | 93.0 | 91.6 | 0.0 | 1.5 |
|  | Other recreational items and equipment, gardens and pets | 10.5 | 122.0 | 122.2 | 115.5 | -0.1 | 5.6 |
|  | Recreational \& cultural services | 17.6 | 102.8 | 102.7 | 98.6 | 0.1 | 4.3 |
|  | Newspapers, books and stationery | 4.8 | 99.2 | 94.4 | 103.5 | 5.1 | -4.1 |
| 10 | Education | 27.9 | 120.5 | 119.1 | 119.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
|  | Pre-primary and primary education | 16.1 | 124.2 | 121.8 | 121.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
|  | Secondary education | 2.41 | 127.33 | 126.69 | 126.69 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
|  | Tertiary education | 9.4 | 112.5 | 112.5 | 112.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 11 | Restaurants and Hotels | 40.2 | 125.1 | 116.0 | 117.4 | 7.8 | 6.6 |
|  | Catering Services | 33.8 | 130.8 | 123.6 | 123.1 | 6.0 | 6.3 |
|  | Accomodation Sevices | 6.4 | 94.8 | 75.9 | 87.2 | 24.9 | 8.7 |
| 12 | Miscellaneous Goods and Services | 130.2 | 117.7 | 117.5 | 117.9 | 0.2 | -0.2 |
|  | Personal care | 26.5 | 119.7 | 119.3 | 118.2 | 0.3 | 1.3 |
|  | Personal effects n.e.c. | 7.7 | 148.1 | 148.1 | 133.7 | 0.0 | 10.8 |
|  | Social protection | 8.4 | 112.5 | 109.5 | 109.5 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
|  | Insurance | 74.8 | 114.5 | 114.6 | 118.1 | -0.1 | -3.1 |
|  | Financial services n.e.c. | 0.5 | 99.8 | 91.8 | 91.8 | 8.7 | 8.7 |
|  | Other services n.e.c. | 12.2 | 118.3 | 118.3 | 113.0 | 0.0 | 4.7 |



TABLE 5: AVERAGE PRICES OF SELECTED ITEMS
Quarter Ending September 2016

Item
Quantity Average Prices (CI\$)

Sept-15 June-16 Sept-16

| Loaf - Harddough | 2 lb | 3.90 | 4.13 | 4.02 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Long Grain Rice | 5 lb | 2.46 | 2.49 | 2.46 |
| Cornflakes (original) | 24 oz | 5.22 | 5.39 | 5.46 |
| Stew Beef | per lb | 5.01 | 5.43 | 4.92 |
| Bacon | 12 oz | 5.66 | 5.32 | 5.32 |
| Snapper Fillets (frozen) | per lb | 10.70 | 11.28 | 10.67 |
| Canned Tuna in water | 6 oz | 1.79 | 1.66 | 1.66 |
| Eggs (Grade A Large) | 1 doz | 4.46 | 2.66 | 2.79 |
| Margarine -Shedds Spread | 45 oz | 5.79 | 5.79 | 5.79 |
| Fresh Milk (McArthur - Regular Vitamin D) | 1 gal | 6.51 | 6.51 | 6.42 |
| Evaporated milk (Nestle Carnation) | 14 oz | 1.52 | 1.62 | 1.46 |
| Vegetable Oil | 24 oz | 4.52 | 4.46 | 4.46 |
| Plantain | per lb | 1.18 | 1.07 | 1.22 |
| Potatoes - Irish | per lb | 0.99 | 0.97 | 1.01 |
| Lettuce - Iceburg | each | 2.78 | 2.12 | 2.18 |
| Sweet Potatoes | per lb | 3.44 | 3.78 | 3.47 |
| Tomatoes - Slicing | per lb | 2.88 | 2.72 | 2.59 |
| Bananas - Ripe | per lb | 0.91 | 0.92 | 0.94 |
| Apple - Golden Delicious | per lb | 2.21 | 2.63 | 2.67 |
| Grapes - Red Seedless | per lb | 3.95 | 4.01 | 3.60 |
| Tea (Lipton Decaffeinated) | 48 bags | 4.56 | 4.64 | 4.78 |
| Coffee - Instant -Classic Roast - Bottle | 8 Oz | 6.82 | 6.82 | 6.82 |
| Soda | 12 oz | 0.78 | 0.79 | 0.79 |
| Sugar - Light Brown (Bag) | 2 lb | 3.30 | 2.94 | 3.12 |
| Corned Beef - regular | 340 g | 4.15 | 4.01 | 4.01 |
| lodized Salt | 26 oz | 0.99 | 0.99 | 0.99 |
| Petrol - Regular Full Service | per gal | 4.71 | 3.89 | 4.12 |
| Petrol - Premium Full Service | per gal | 4.77 | 4.17 | 4.40 |
| Diesel - Full Service | per gal | 4.60 | 3.83 | 3.95 |

## NOTES ON THE INDEX COMPILATION

## 1. Data collection

This report uses the 2008 CPI basket based on the results of the 2007 Survey of Living Conditions/Household Budget Survey (HBS) as updated in June 2008. The goods and services in the basket are classified into twelve (12) divisions using the United Nations' Classification of Individual Consumption According to Purpose (COICOP). In all, there are 1,393 items (7th-digit COICOP level) included in the basket collected from 147 providers/outlets in Grand Cayman, classified as follows:

| Number of Items in the 2008 CPI Basket |
| :--- |
| Division |
| 1 Food and non-alcoholic beverages 47 <br> 2 Alcoholic beverages and tobacco 5 <br> 3 Clothing and footwear 13 <br> 4 Housing, utilities and fuels 6 <br> 5 Furnishings, household equipment <br> and routine household maintenance. 19 <br> 6 Healt 4 <br> 7 Transport 7 <br> 8 Communication 4 <br> 9 Recreation and Culture 6 <br> 1 Education 1 <br> 1 Restaurants and hotels 13 <br> 1 Miscellaneous goods and services 9 |
| Total |$\quad$|  |
| :---: | ---: |

ESO also adopted new collection periods and price averaging methodologies in accordance with updated international standards and as advised by the Caribbean Technical Assistance Centre (CARTAC). Beginning in the fourth quarter of 2009, price data for all items are collected every second month of the quarter (whereas they were previously collected every third month). Prices of selected items that are vulnerable to monthly changes such as vegetables and fruits, fish and meat, and gas are now also collected on a monthly basis. Prices across outlets are averaged using the geometric mean formula to reduce the impact of extreme or outlier prices (please see below).

## 2. CPI formula

The CPI is computed using Lowe's formula. The Lowe indices is one of the widest and popular class of price indices which is obtained by defining the index as the percentage change, between the periods compared, in the total cost of purchasing a given set of quantities, generally described as a "basket". ${ }^{1}$ The Lowe index, PLo , is defined as follows ${ }^{2:}$

[^0]$\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{Lo}}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} p_{i}^{t} q_{i}^{\prime} \sum p_{i}^{0} q_{i}$

Where $\mathrm{n}=$ number of products in the basket with prices $\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{i}}$ and quantities $\mathrm{q}_{\mathrm{i}}$
$0=$ base period
$t=$ later period being compared

## Geometric mean

The price $\mathrm{p}=[\mathrm{p} 1, \mathrm{p} 2, \ldots, \mathrm{pn}]$ for each item from different outlets is the average of prices of the outlets using geometric mean or the formula:
$\mathrm{p}=\left(\prod_{i=1}^{n} p_{i}\right)^{1 / \mathrm{n}}=\sqrt[n]{\mathrm{p}_{1}, \mathrm{p}^{2}, \ldots, \mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{n}}}$

Inflation: this refers to the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index from one period to another. Typically, this period would be a year or a quarter.

Annual Inflation Rate: the percentage change of the CPI in the quarter under review over the CPI of the same quarter a year ago. This is also known as year-on-year inflation rate.

Quarterly Inflation Rate: the percentage change of the CPI in the quarter under review over the immediate previous quarter. This is also known as quarter-on-quarter inflation rate.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ ILO (2004, p. 2). Consumer price index manual
    ${ }^{2}$ Ibid , p. 3

